(A Component Unit of Ottawa County)
Ottawa County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

February 27, 2009

Ottawa County Road Commission Board of Commissioners Grand Haven, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Ottawa County Road Commission (the Commission), a component unit of Ottawa County, Michigan, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Commission. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund for the Ottawa County Road Commission as of September 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2009, on our consideration of the Ottawa County Road Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and is important for assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Ottawa County Road Commission's basic financial statements. The general fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The general fund schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Ottawa County Road Commission (the Commission), we offer readers of the Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Commission for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

#### Financial Highlights

- Michigan transportation revenues were down 2.6% from last year, the third year in a row of reduced revenues.
- Federally funded projects continued to be approved for Ottawa County resulting in over \$3 million in additional expenditures over 2007.
- Townships continued to support local road improvement projects despite reduced Michigan transportation revenues at the local level.
- Continued increases in healthcare and pension costs continue to pose a challenge to operating budgets.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

To simplify financial reporting and improve readability, the government-wide financial statements and the fund statements have been combined to report the statement of net assets and governmental funds balance sheet on a single page and the statement of activities and governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance on a single page. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Note that Ottawa County's government-wide financial statements are not presented herein because the Commission is a component unit of the County. The County presents their financial statements in a separately issued comprehensive annual financial report.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements include only the Commission itself (known as the *Primary government*). The Commission has no legally separate component units for which the Commission is financially accountable.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., payments on long-term debt).

Both of the government-wide financial statements display functions of the Commission that are principally supported by intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental

activities of the Commission include providing construction, repair, maintenance, and snow removal of roads within Ottawa County. The Commission does not have any business-type activities.

In this report, financial information for the Commission is reported separately from the financial information presented for Ottawa County which reports the Commission as a component unit.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Commission only utilizes and presents a general fund. The Commission does not utilize proprietary or fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund which is considered to be major fund.

The Commission adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with that budget.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. Required supplementary information is limited to this management discussion and analysis. General fund schedules are presented as supplementary information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Commission, assets exceeded liabilities by \$171,327,107 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The most significant portion of the Commission's net assets reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Commission's capital assets consist of road infrastructure and capital assets used to construct and maintain this infrastructure; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Commission investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental Activities		
	2008	2007	
Assets			
Current assets	\$11,413,889	\$10,896,147	
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets	165,723,637	156,030,282	
Total assets	177,137,526	166,926,429	
Liabilities	-		
Current liabilities	2,915,451	2,805,205	
Long-term liabilities	2,894,968	3,556,650	
Total liabilities	5,810,419	6,361,855	
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of			
related debt	163,874,097	153,320,252	
Restricted	3,604,049	4,369,991	
Unrestricted	3,848,961	2,874,331	
Total net assets	\$171,327,107	\$160,564,574	

Net assets of the Commission increased by \$10,762,533. The increase in net assets is primarily the result of the timing difference between when infrastructure is purchased and when depreciation is recorded on the infrastructure.

	Governmental Activities		
	2008	2007	
Revenue			
Program revenue			
Charges for Services	\$8,823,880	\$8,299,444	
Operating grants and contributions	15,802,755	16,226,778	
Capital grants and contributions	9,240,186	6,004,379	
General revenue			
Interest income	139,561	165,398	
Gain on sale of capital assets	180,043	204,802	
Other	634,332	300,739	
Total revenue	34,820,757	31,201,540	
Expenses			
Public works	23,956,437	21,143,896	
Interest	101,787	105,124	
Total expenses	24,058,224	21,249,020	
Increase (decrease) in net assets	10,762,533	9,952,520	
Net assets, beginning of year	160,564,574	150,612,054	
Net assets, end of year	\$171,327,107	\$160,564,574	

#### Governmental activities

During the year the Commission reported approximately 38% of its total expenses for depreciation of capital asset and less than .4% for interest expense. The remaining 61% of total expenses was for public works activities.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (General fund)

As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Commission's general fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission's general fund reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,497,438, an increase of \$406,496 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of the timing of road construction activities and receipt of fuel taxes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Commission. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved undesignated fund balance of the general fund was \$4,848,879. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is important to note that the general fund operates primarily on operating and capital grant funding.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the General Fund original and final amended budgets were primarily the result of reduced Michigan transportation funding, timing of federal aid projects funding primary road construction and additional township construction activities exceeding initial expectations..

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The Commission's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2008 amounted to \$165,724,637 (net of accumulated depreciation).

Significant capital asset additions during the year include the following:

- Approximately \$18 million of road infrastructure.
- Approximately \$800,000 of replacement equipment.

The Commission's capital assets (net of depreciation) are summarized as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Land and right-of-way Buildings and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 1,367,182 10,768,827 153,588,628
Total	\$165,724,637

Additional information on the Commission's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission had outstanding long-term debt as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Bonds and installment purchases Claims	\$1,850,540 197,173
Post employment benefits liability	169,346 677,909
Compensated absences  Total	\$2,894,968

Additional information on the Commission's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following factors were considered in preparing the Commission's budget for the 2008-2009 fiscal year:

- Michigan Department of Transportation estimated fuel tax receipts to decline by 4% from 2008 levels.
- Federal aid projects are expected to decline based on state approvals.
- Employee benefit costs are expected to significantly increase from 2008 levels.
- Township participation in the local road program is expected to decrease based on fewer township commitments.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Commission's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Ottawa County Road Commission, Finance Director, PO Box 739, Grand Haven, Michigan 49417.

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(a Component Unit of Ottawa County)

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	(	General <u>Fund</u>	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets
Assets	•	0 500 000	•	A 5 500 000
Cash and investments	\$	3,529,293	<b>5</b> -	\$ 3,529,293
Accrued interest		13,719	-	13,719
Receivables				
State trunk line maintenance		217,709	-	217,709
Due from local units of government		2,808,766	-	2,808,7 <del>6</del> 6
Motor vehicle highway funds		2,747,189	-	2,747,189
Other		745,569	-	745,569
Inventories				
Equipment, material, and parts		258,756	-	258,756
Road materials		766,683	-	766,683
Prepaid insurance		325,205	-	325,205
Capital assets		•		,
Land and right-of-way		-	1,367,182	1,367,182
Property and equipment, net		_	10,768,827	10,768,827
Infrastructure net			153,588,628	153,588,628
Total assets	\$	11,412,889	165,724,637	177,137,526
	<del>-</del>		150[12:1,001	
Liabilities	_			
Accounts payable	\$	1,381,489	-	1,381,489
Accrued liabilities		557,002	-	557,002
Advances				
State trunk line equipment purchase		707,532	•	707,532
State trunk line maintenance		254,094	-	254,094
County drain special assessments payable		15,334	-	15,334
Noncurrent liabilities				,
Due within one year		_	526,257	526,257
Due in more than one year			2,368,711	2,368,711
Total liabilities		2,915,451	2,894,968	5,810,419
Fund balance				
Reserved				
Inventory		1,025,439	(4.005.400)	
Prepaid insurance			(1,025,439)	-
Unreserved		325,205	(325,205)	-
		0.007.045		
Designated for commitments Undesignated		2,297,915	(2,297,915)	-
Ondesignated		4,848,879	(4,848,879)	
Total fund balance		8,497,438	(8,497,438)	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	11,412,889		
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt			163,874,097	163,874,097
Restricted			3,604,049	3,604,049
Unrestricted			3,848,961	3,848,961
Total net assets			\$ 171,327,107	\$ 171,327,107

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	8,497,438
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net assets are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Add - capital assets (net)	1	65,724,637
Certain liabilities, such as bonds, installment purchase agreements, compensated absences, and claims payable, are not payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Deduct - bonds and installment purchase agreements payable		(1,850,540)
Deduct - compensated absences payable		(677,909)
Deduct - post employment benefit liability		(169,346)
Deduct - claims payable		(197,173)
Net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	171,327,107

(a Component Unit of Ottawa County)

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		General <u>Fund</u>	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Expenditures/expenses Public works	\$	15,505,892	\$ 8,450,545	¢ 22.056.427
Capital outlay	ф	17,998,409	(17,998,409)	· · ·
Debt service		17,000,400	(17,550,405)	-
Principal		670,026	(670,026)	
Interest	_	101,787	(070,020)	101,787
Total expenditures/expenses	_	34,276,114	(10,217,890)	24,058,224
Program revenues				
Charges for services				
Townships		5,237,305	-	5,237,305
State trunk line		3,586,575	-	3,586,575
Operating grants and contributions				
State transportation funds		15,802,755	-	15,802,755
Capital grants and contributions				
Federal and state sources		9,240,186	-	9,240,186
Net program revenue				33,866,821
General revenue				
Interest earned		139,561	-	139,561
Salvage sales		26,485	-	26,485
Other		327,997	-	327,997
Other financing sources				0_1,007
Proceeds/gain from disposal of capital assets		41,896	138,147	180,043
Sales of land	_	279,850	<u> </u>	279,850
Total revenues and other financing sources	_	34,682,610		
Total general revenue				953,936
Change in fund balance/net assets		406,496	10,356,037	10,762,533
Fund balances/net assets, beginning of year	_	8,090,942	152,473,632	160,564,574
Fund balances/net assets, end of year	\$	8,497,438	\$ 162,829,669	<b>\$ 171,327,107</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(a Component Unit of Ottawa County)

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Net changes in fund balances - general fund	\$ 406,496
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Add - capital outlay  Deduct - depreciation expense  Deduct - net book value of capital assets disposals	18,782,677 (9,037,005) (51,317)
Bond and lease purchase agreements provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuance increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond or installment purchase principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Add - principal payments on notes payable Add - unexercised capital lease purchase option	670,026 189,464
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Deduct - decrease in compensated absences  Add - increase in post employment benefit liability  Add - increase in claims payable	45,548 (169,346) (74,010)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 10,762,533

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(a Component Unit of Ottawa County)

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive
Revenues	<u>Qriginal</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amount	(Negative)
Intergovernmental revenues				
Michigan transportation fund	\$ 18,100,000			
Federal and state sources	8,000,000		9,240,186	
State trunk line maintenance	3,380,000	3,490,000	<u>3,586,575</u>	98,575
Total intergovernmental revenues	27,480,000	28,540,000	28,629,516	89,516
Charges				
Township	4,600,000	6,200,000	5,237,305	(962,695)
Total charges	4,600,000	5,200,000	5,237,305	(962,695)
Other revenues				
Şalvage sales			26,485	
interest earned			139,561	
Other revenues			327,997	·
Total other revenues	394,150	249,000	494,043	245,043
Total revenues	32,474,150	34,989,000	34,360,864	(629 126)
	52,474,100	34,909,000	39,300,004	(628,136)
Expenditures				
Primary road Construction and heavy maintenance				
Maintenance			11,771,745 4,140,485	
Total primary road	15,133,000	10.000.000		
Total printery toda	15,133,000	16,600,000	15,912,230	687,770
Local road				
Construction and heavy maintenance			8,226,664	
Maintenance Local bridge			5,330,442	
Local paving			44,874	
Local gravel			1,408,766 4,922	
Local culverts			155,649	
Total Local road	10,390,000	12,927,000	13,171,317	(244,317)
State trunk line maintenance	3,380,000	3,490,000	3,532,473	(40,472)
		0,490,000	3,332,473	(42,473)
Other				
County drain assessments Pit maintenance			64,081	
Equipment expenses, net			48,578	
Administrative expenses, net			(844,112)	1
Capital outlay, net			2,300,813 784,288	
Depreciation expense			(1,465,347)	
Debt service			(1,100,041)	
Principal Interest			670,026 101,787	
Total other	3,327,000	2,748,000	1,680,094	1,087,906
Total expenditures	32,230,000	35,765,000	34,276,114	1,488,886
Revenues over (under) expenditures	244,150	(778,000)	84,750	860,750
		(710,000)		900,750
Other financing sources Sales of capital assets Sale of land			41,896 279,850	
Total other financing sources (uses)	256,184	322,000	321,746	254
Net changes in fund balance	500,334	(454,000)	406,496	860,496
Fund balance, beginning of year	8,090,942	8,090,942	8,090,942	000,700
und halance and of year				<del></del>
und seminos, situ di yest	<u>\$ 8,591,276</u>	\$ 7,636,942	<u>\$ 6,497,438</u>	<u>\$ 860,496</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 8,591,27 <b>6</b>	\$ 7,636,942	<b>5</b> 8,497,438	\$ 86

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Ottawa County Road Commission (the Commission) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

#### Reporting Entity

The Ottawa County Road Commission is a discretely presented component unit of Ottawa County, Michigan. The Commission was established pursuant to (MCL 224.1), and is governed by a three member Board of County Road Commissioners appointed by the Ottawa County Board of Commissioners.

The criteria established under generally accepted accounting principals for determining the reporting entity includes a significant operational or financial relationship with another entity. Based on the above criteria, these financial statements present all funds of the Ottawa County Road Commission. The Commission has no component units.

The Road Commission general fund is used to control the expenditures of Michigan Transportation Fund monies and other grants and charges, which are earmarked by law for street and highway purposes. The Board of County Road Commissioners has responsibility for the administration of the Commission.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the primary government (the Commission). Governmental activities are reported in total. The Commission has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

A combined financial statement is provided for the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of net assets as well as the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and the statement of activities. The general fund is considered to be a major fund for financial reporting purposes. The Commission only utilizes a general fund.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's only operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resource as they are needed.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The general fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for charges for services, interest and grant revenues which use one year. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include compensated absences, claims, and principal and interest on long-term debt which are recognized when due.

The general fund is accounted for on a spending or "flow of current financial resources" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance is considered a measure of "available, spendable resources".

The general fund operating statement presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, it is said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available, spendable resources" during a period.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The Road Commission's procedures for establishing budgetary data are as follows:

- The Managing Director submits a proposed budget for the upcoming year to the Road Commission.
- The budget is reviewed by the Road Commission and a public hearing is held. Prior to the beginning of the year, the budget is adopted by the Commissioners.
- The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budget amounts shown in the financial statements consist of those amounts contained in the original and amended budget.
- The Road Commission adopts a budget for the general fund by means of an appropriations act, on a departmental activity basis in summary form.
- Periodic internal reporting is on a detail basis in accordance with the state-prescribed uniform chart of accounts. The budget is prepared on the modified accrued basis of accounting.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and investments consist of the balance of cash, check, savings, pooled investment and mutual fund accounts. The Commission invests its cash and investment though Michigan financial institutions and the Ottawa County Treasurer. Michigan law authorizes the Commission to invest in:

- Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at lease one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended.

#### Receivables

Receivables consist primarily of the balance of fuel tax and trunkline maintenance fees due from the State of Michigan and balances due from local units of government for services provided. These balances are reported net of estimated uncollectible balances (estimated uncollectible balances were zero at year end).

#### Inventory

Inventory, consisting of various operating parts, supplies, and road material is stated at the lower of cost or market, using the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, property, equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Only infrastructure assets acquired or donated since 1980 are included in the Commission capital asset balance. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Depreciation on capital assets is computed using the Michigan Department of Transportation depreciation schedules for equipment and the straight-line method for infrastructure over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-50
Equipment	3-15
Infrastructure	30

#### Compensated Absences

Under the Commission's personnel policy and contracts negotiated with employee groups, individual employees have a vested right to receive payments for unused vacation and sick leave under formulas and conditions specified in the policy and contracts. Accumulated leave of the general fund is recorded on the statement of net assets and not on the general fund balance sheet because it is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

#### Advances

Advances consist of monies provided by the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) to provide cash flow to finance equipment and services provided by the Commission on MDOT trunkline designated roads. The cost of equipment and services used to provide these services is billed to the MDOT periodically.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Where applicable, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs during the year of issuance. The face amount of debt issued and any premiums received are reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses, Issuance costs are reported as public works expenditures.

#### Fund Equity/Net assets

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent amounts set aside by the Board for tentative plans for future use.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments reported on the financial statements consist of the following balance at year end:

	Cash and <u>Investments</u>
Deposits Certificates of deposit	\$1,894,293 1,635,000
Cash and investments	\$3,529,293

The checking, savings and certificates of deposits are in financial institution located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the Ottawa County Treasurer for the Commission and a specific fund or common account. They are recorded in Commission records at fair value.

#### Deposit risk

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned. As of year end the Commission's bank balance was \$3,540,638. Exposure to custodial credit risk can be determined for Ottawa County as a whole, but cannot be separately identified for the Commission

#### 3. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETARY FUNDS

State law provides that the Commission shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated for the general fund.

In the body of the financial statements, the Commission's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the general fund have been shown on a departmental activity basis.

During the year the Commission incurred expenditures in the general fund which were in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

General fund	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Public Works			
Local road	\$12,927,000	\$13,171,317	\$(244,317)
State trunk line maintenance	3,490,000	3,532,473	(42,473)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance October 1, <u>2007</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance September 30, <u>2008</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land and right-of-way	\$ 1,367,182	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,367,182
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,367,182	-	-	1,367,182
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	11,167,430	-	-	11,167,430
Equipment	18,078,388	784,268	659,048	18,203,608
Infrastructure	•			
Primary	128,150,785	11,771,745	_	139,922,530
Local	89,999,713		-	96,226,377
Less: accumulated depreciation	92,733,216	9,037,005	607,731	101,162,490
Net capital assets, being depreciated	154,663,100	9,745,672	51,317	164,357,455
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$156,030,282	\$9,745,672	\$ 51,317	\$165,724,637

Depreciation expense of \$9,037,005 was charged to the public works function.

#### 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity and balances of the Commission for the year:

Governmental Activities	Balance October 1, 2007	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance September 30, 2008	Due Within One <u>Year</u>
\$4,500,000 Michigan Transportation Fund bonds, due in annual installments of \$450,000 through 2011; interest at 3.35% to 3.375%.	\$ 1,800,000	\$ -	\$450,000	\$ 1,350,000	\$450,000
\$308,001 Equipment Lease, due in monthly installments of \$3,807 through April 2008 including interest at 3.15%; final payment of \$134,250 due in May 2008.	134,250	-	134,250	-	-

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Balance October 1, 2007	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance September 30, 2008	Due Within One <u>Year</u>
\$273,395 Equipment Lease, due in monthly installments of \$2,046 through August 2008 including interest at 3.40%; final payment of \$204,322 due in September 2008.*	\$ 204,322	\$ -	\$ 204,322	\$ -	\$ -
\$160,195 Equipment Lease, due in monthly installments of \$1,239 through May 2010 including interest at 3.80%; final payment of \$121,535 due in June 2010.	<b>1</b> 41,22 <b>1</b>	-	9,295	131,926	10,030
\$214,395 Equipment Lease, due in monthly installments of \$2,201 through March 2011 including interest at 4.85%; final payment of \$135,707 due in April 2011.	190,963	-	16,706	174,257	18,404
\$177,952 Equipment Lease, due in monthly installments of \$3,385 through February 2012 including interest at 5.33%.	162,209	-	32,769	129,440	34,558
\$79,500 Equipment Lease, due in monthly installments of \$1,440 through August 2010 including interest at 8.83%, final payment of \$39,707 due in September 2010.	77,065	_	12,148	64,917	13,265
Total Installment debt	2,710,030		859,490	1,850,540	526,257
Compensated absences Post employment benefits liability Claims Payable	723, <b>45</b> 7 123,163	238,622 169,346 185,040	284,170 111,030	677,909 169,346 197,173	
Total Governmental Activities	\$3,556,650	\$593,008	\$1,254,690	\$2,894,968	\$526,257

<sup>\*</sup>The purchase option for this equipment was not exercised in the amount of \$189,464 and the associated equipment was returned to the vendor concluding the lease agreement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Following is a summary of future principal maturities and interest requirements on installment debt:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2009	\$ 526,257	\$ 68,268	
2010	679,312	48,349	
2011	624,973	20,562	
2012	19,998	312	
Total	<b>\$1,</b> 850,540	\$137,491	

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Road Commission is exposed to lawsuits and claims made by individuals. In response to this exposure, the Road Commission participates in the Michigan County Road Commission Self Insurance Pool (MCRCSIP). Participation in the MCRSCIP requires payment of premiums to the pool. The pool purchases commercial reinsurance on behalf of its members. Due to the Road Commission's participation in this pool, the liability of the Road Commission relative to claims covered by the pool is limited to \$25,000 per occurrence.

The Road Commission's self-funded workers' compensation program contains stop-loss and coverage of \$300,000 per incident. This limits the commissions' responsibility for payment to \$300,000 per workers' compensation claim.

Settled claims for the Road Commission have not exceeded coverage during the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the past year. The Road Commission's self-funded insurance claims that have been incurred through the end of the year include both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not been reported. These estimates are recorded in the government-wide statements as they are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, destruction of assets and errors and omissions for which it obtains coverage from commercial insurance companies. The Commission has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

The changes in the claims liability for the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

MRCSCRP Liability plan	Beginning of Year <u>Liability</u>	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	End of Year <u>Liability</u>
2007	\$81,007	\$29,623	\$34,726	\$75,905
2008	75,905	96,579	27,896	144,588
Workers' Compensation Plan			, .	,
2007	53,411	93,751	99,904	47,258
2008	47,258	88,461	83,134	52,585

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

#### 7. RETIREMENT PLAN

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Commission participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan providing retirement, death and disability benefits covering certain Commission employees. The System is administered by the MERS retirement board.

Act No. 220 of the Public Acts of 1984, as amended, establishes and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 447 North Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917

The Commission is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate of 14.19% to 38.63% depending on bargaining unit; the current year amount was \$976,575. Participating employees are not required to contribute to the plan. The contribution requirements of the Commission are established and may be amended by the MERS Retirement Board. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Commission, subject to collective bargaining agreements and depending on the MERS contribution program adopted by the Commission.

For the year ended September 30, 2008, the Commission's annual pension cost of \$976,575 for MERS was equal to the Commission's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2006 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8.0%; (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation; and (c) additional projected salary increases of 0.0% to 8.4% per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit. The actuarial value of MERS assets was determined on the basis of a valuation method that assumes the fund earns the expected rate of return and includes an adjustment to reflect market value. The Road Commission's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2007, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, was 28 years.

Three-	Year	Trend	Inforn	nation
111100	- 1 - u:	110114		1411

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
9/30/06	\$850,700	100%	<del></del>
9/30/07	943,400	100%	-
9/30/08	976,575	100%	_

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Schedule (	of Funding Pr	ogress		
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentag of Covere Payroll

ge Actuarial Đε Value of Actuarial **Assets** Valuation ((b-a)/c) Total (c) <u>(b-a)</u> (b) Date <u>(a)</u> 80% \$6,478,421 113% \$7,324,391 \$29,768,361 \$37,092,752 12/31/05 118% 81% 6,272,650 7,403,147 38.533.848 31,130,701 12/31/06 6,329,343 118% 78% 41.829.814 9,364,083 32,465,731 12/31/07

#### Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan

The Commission offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with IRS section 457. The plan, available to all Commission employees, permits them to defer a portion of their current salary until future years. A trust has been established for the plan assets and the related assets and liability are not included in the Commission's financial statements.

#### 8. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Commission administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). The plan provides health insurance premiums for retirees until age 65 (Medicare eligible). Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Commission and bargaining units and employee groups. The Commission makes 100% of the premium payment to the plan. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and a legal trust has not been established for the plan.

The Commission's contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the current year the annual required contribution (ARC) was \$217,453 while actual contributions were \$48,107.

The Commission's annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement #45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of thirty years. The first actuarial valuation of the Retiree Health Plan was performed as of January 1, 2008 with the requirements of GASB Statement #45 being implemented prospectively. Fiscal year 2008 is the first year for which an actuarially required contribution (ARC) has been determined. The following table shows the components of the Commissions annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Commission OPEB obligation to the plan.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Annual required contribution	\$ 217,453
Interest on Net OPEB obligation	•
Adjustment to annual required contribution	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	217,453
Contribution made	48,107
Increase in net OPEB obligation	169,346
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	<u></u>
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 169,346

#### Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	Percentage of ARC	Net OPEB
Ending		Contributed	Obligation
9/30/08	\$217,453	22%	\$169,346

#### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

						UAAL as a
	Market	Actuarial	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroli
Date	<u>(a</u> )	(b)	(b-a)	<u>Total</u>	<u>(c)</u>	((b-a)/c)
1/1/08	\$ -	#4 D2E E04	\$1,835,591	0%	\$6,329,343	29%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets in increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. The Commission is currently funding the plan on a pay as you go basis.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

In the January 1, 2008, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method, level dollar, closed amortization method, and an amortization period of 30 years were utilized. The actuarial assumptions included a 0% return on plan net assets as the plan is not funded, a discount rate of 4%, 10% inflation in 2008 graded to 5% in 2013, with implicit subsidy provided.

#### 9. SINGLE AUDIT

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Governmental and certain other entities, which expend \$500,000 or more of direct federal dollars, are subject to a single audit in accordance with the OMB Circular A- 133. The Road Commission expended \$9,240,186 of federal/state dollars, which were administered by the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT). The monies will be included in the State of Michigan's single audit. Because direct federal dollars were less than \$500,000, a single audit was not required and all disclosures regarding a single audit have been omitted from this report.

#### 10. LITIGATION

The Road Commission has been named as a defendant in various litigation involving lawsuits pending and notices of intent to file suit. Management and legal counsel of the Commission expect no material losses in excess of insurances should an unfavorable outcome prevail. No provision for any loss has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

#### 11. CONTINGENCIES

Under the terms of various Federal and State grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such grants could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. However, Commission management does not believe such disallowances, if any, will be material to the financial position of the Road Commission.

## GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

		Primary <u>Road</u>		Local Road		County Road		<u>Total</u>
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	5,144,012	\$	72,599	\$	2,874,331	\$	8,090,942
Revenues and other financing sources Expenditures	_	23,797,298 21,162,097		10,563,566 13,766,901		(652,884)		34,360,864 34,276,114
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	2,635,201	_	(3,203,335)		652,884	_	_84,750
Other financing sources (uses)	_	(3,132,000)		3,132,000		321,746		321,746
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	_	(496,799)	_	(71,335)		974,63 <u>0</u>	_	406,496
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,647,213	\$	1,264	<u>\$</u>	3,848,961	\$	8,497,438

(a Component Unit of Ottawa County)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

	Primary <u>Road</u>	Local Road	County Road	<u>Total</u>
Revenues				
Michigan Transportation Fund	\$ 6,400	\$ 3,600	\$ -	\$ 10,000
Engineering	9,001,520	<b>ф</b> 5,000	Ψ -	9,001,520
Primary road	9,001,320	3,973,875	_	3,973,875
Local road	1,775,399	5,910,010	_	1,775,399
Primary urban road	1,110,000	977,914	_	977,914
Local urban road	38,428	25,619	_	64,047
Snow removal		20,019		<u> </u>
Total Michigan Transportation Fund	10,821,747	4,981,008		15,802,755
Federal and state sources	9,216,033	24,153	-	9,240,186
Trunk line maintenance	3,586,575	-	-	3,586,575
Township charges	-	5,237,305	-	5,237,305
Salvage sales	26,485	-	-	26,485
Interest earned	90,714	48,847	-	139,561
Other revenues	55,744	272,253		327,997
Total Revenues	23,797,298	10,563,566		34,360,864
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sales of capital assets	_	-	41,896	41,896
Sale of land	-	-	279,850	279,850
Transfer	(3,132,000)	3,132,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,132,000)	3,132,000	321,746	321,746
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 20,665,298	<b>\$</b> 13,695,566	\$ 321,746	<b>\$</b> 34,682,610

(a Component Unit of Ottawa County)

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

	Primary Road	Local <u>Road</u>	County <u>Road</u>	<u>Total</u>
Expenditures				
Primary road	* 44 774 745	•	Φ.	¢ 44 774 746
Construction and heavy maintenance	\$ 11,771,745	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,771,745 4,140,485
Maintenance	4,140,485	-	-	4, 140,400
Local road		0.000.004		6,226,664
Construction and heavy maintenance	-	6,226,664	-	5,330,442
Maintenance	•	5,330,442	•	44,874
Local bridges	-	44,874	-	
Local paving	-	1,408,766	-	1,408,766
Local gravel	-	4,922	•	4,922
Local chip seal	-	155,649	-	155,649
State trunk line maintenance	3,532,473	-	-	3,532,473
Other	*****			04.004
County drain assessments	64,081	-	-	64,081
Pit maintenance	48,578	(400 700)	-	48,578
Equipment expense, net	(404,330)	(439,782)	-	(844,112)
Administrative expense, net	1,265,447	1,035,366		2,300,813
Capital outlay, net	-	-	784,268	784,268
Depreciation	(28,195)	-	(1,437,152)	(1,465,347)
Debt service				
Principal	670,026	-	-	670,026
Interest	101,787			101,787
Total expenditures	\$ 21,162,097	\$ 13,766,901	\$ (652,884)	\$ 34,276,114

(a Component Unit of Ottawa County)

### SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES

Administrative expenditures		
Salaries		
Administrative	\$	560,759
General engineering		183,768
Inspection and permits		171,492
Traffic		88,865
Plats and drains		32,057
Weighmaster		17,056
Videotaping		10,453
Watershed		1,999
Asset management		2,150
Advertising		6,391
Commissioners		
Salaries		24,500
Other		5,354
Contractual services		68,864
Depreciation		33,070
Engineering supplies		1,809
Medical		124
Communications		40,032
Maintenance of office equipment		36,312
Office supplies		24,229
Postage		6,251
Dues and subscriptions		68,115
Travel and conferences		29,040
Legal and professional		53,564
Contract engineering		12,356
Building expense		16,037
Equipment expense		72,197
Distributive expense		918,964
	\$	2,485,808

## CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION



## Vredeveld Haefner LLC

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Peter S. Haefner, CPA (616) 460-9388

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

February 27, 2009

Ottawa County Road Commission Board of Commissioners Grand Haven, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Ottawa County Road Commission (the Commission), a component unit of Ottawa County, Michigan, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Commission's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Commission's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Commission's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Commission's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Commissioners, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Urodoneld Harefner LLC



## Vredeveld Haefner LLC

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Peter S. Haefner, CPA (616) 460-9388

February 27, 2009

Members of the Board Ottawa County Road Commission Grand Haven, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Ottawa County Road Commission (the Commission), a component unit of Ottawa County, Michigan, for the year ended September 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2009. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

## Our Responsibilities under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and Government Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated November 24, 2008, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the Commission. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our tests was not to provide an opinion on compliance and such provisions.

#### Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to Commissioner Bruursema and in our engagement letter dated November 24, 2008.

#### Significant Audit Findings

#### Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Commission are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were the useful lives of capital assets, the allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable, and the valuation of the pension and other post employment benefit plan obligations.

Management's estimate of the useful lives and uncollectible accounts is based on previous history and the estimate of pension and other post employment benefit plan obligations is based on an actuarial valuation of the Plans. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of the audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 27, 2009.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Organization's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Commission's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

We noted the following additional item during the performance of our audit:

During our review of internal controls over the disbursement process we noted that the staff responsible for the input of invoices and generation of checks was also authorized to apply signatures to the checks in the absence of the Finance Director. The least desirable system of internal controls allows for one individual to possess, account for, and reconcile an organization's assets. We suggest that Commission policy be modified to require that signatures on checks be applied by someone other than the staff responsible for the input of invoices and generation of checks.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board and management of the Commission and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Uradaxeld Haefner LLC